Co63 - Convention concerning Statistics of Wages and Hours of Work, 1938 (No. 63)

Preamble

The General Conference of the International Labour Organisation,

Having been convened at Geneva by the Governing Body of the International Labour Office, and having met in its Twenty-fourth Session on 2 June 1938, and

Having decided upon the adoption of certain proposals with regard to statistics of wages and hours of work in the principal mining and manufacturing industries, including building and construction, and in agriculture, which is the sixth item on the agenda of the Session, and

Having determined that these proposals shall take the form of an international Convention, and

Having determined that, although it is desirable that all Members of the Organisation should compile statistics of average earnings and of hours actually worked which comply with the requirements of Part II of this Convention, it is nevertheless expedient that the Convention should be open to ratification by Members which are not in a position to comply with the requirements of that Part,

adopts this twentieth day of June of the year one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight the following Convention, which may be cited as the Convention concerning Statistics of Wages and Hours of Work, 1938:

PART I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

Article 1

Each Member of the International Labour Organisation which ratifies this Convention undertakes that

- (a) it will compile as required by this Convention statistics relating to wages and hours of work;
- (b) it will publish the data compiled in pursuance of this Convention as promptly as possible and will endeavour
 to publish data collected at quarterly or more frequent intervals during the succeeding quarter and to publish
 data collected at intervals of six or twelve months during the succeeding six or twelve months respectively; and
- (c) it will communicate the data compiled in pursuance of this Convention to the International Labour Office at the earliest possible date.

- 1. Any Member which ratifies this Convention may, by a declaration appended to its ratification, exclude from its acceptance of the Convention:
 - (a) any one of Parts II, III, or IV; or
 - (b) Parts II and IV; or
 - (c) Parts III and IV.

- 2. Any Member which has made such a declaration may at any time cancel that declaration by a subsequent declaration.
- 3. Every Member for which a declaration made under paragraph 1 of this Article is in force shall indicate each year in
 its annual report upon the application of this Convention the extent to which any progress has been made with a view
 to the application of the Part or Parts of the Convention excluded from its acceptance.

Article 3

Nothing in this Convention imposes any obligation to publish or to reveal particulars which would result in the disclosure of information relating to any individual undertaking or establishment.

Article 4

- I. Each Member which ratifies this Convention undertakes that its competent statistical authority shall, unless it has already obtained the information in some other way, make enquiries relating either to all, or to a representative part, of the wage earners concerned, in order to obtain the information required for the purpose of the statistics which it has undertaken to compile in accordance with this Convention.
- 2. Nothing in this Convention shall be interpreted as requiring any Member to compile statistics in cases in which, after enquiries made in the manner required by paragraph 1 of this Article, it is found impracticable to obtain the necessary information without the exercise of compulsory powers.

PART II. STATISTICS OF AVERAGE EARNINGS AND OF HOURS ACTUALLY WORKED IN MINING AND MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES

Article 5

1. Statistics of average earnings and of hours actually worked shall be compiled for wage earners employed in each of the principal mining and manufacturing industries, including building and construction.

- 2. The statistics of average earnings and of hours actually worked shall be compiled on the basis of data relating either to all establishments and wage earners or to a representative sample of establishments and wage earners.
- 3. The statistics of average earnings and of hours actually worked shall--
 - (a) give separate figures for each of the principal industries; and
 - (b) indicate briefly the scope of the industries or branches of industry for which figures are given.

The statistics of average earnings shall include--

- (a) all cash payments and bonuses received from the employer by the persons employed;
- (b) contributions such as social insurance contributions payable by the employed persons and deducted by the employer; and
- (c) taxes payable by the employed persons to a public authority and deducted by the employer.

Article 7

In the case of countries and industries in which allowances in kind, for example in the form of free or cheap housing, food or fuel, form a substantial part of the total remuneration of the wage earners employed, the statistics of average earnings shall be supplemented by particulars of such allowances, together with estimates, so far as practicable, of their money value.

Article 8

The statistics of average earnings shall be supplemented, so far as practicable, by indications as to the average amount of any family allowances per person employed in the period to which the statistics relate.

Article 9

- 1. The statistics of average earnings shall relate to average earnings per hour, day, week or other customary period.
- 2. Where the statistics of average earnings relate to average earnings per day, week or other customary period, the statistics of actual hours shall relate to the same period.

Article 10

1. The statistics of average earnings and of hours actually worked, referred to in Article 9, shall be compiled once every year and where possible at shorter intervals.

• 2. Once every three years and where possible at shorter intervals the statistics of average earnings and, so far as practicable, the statistics of hours actually worked shall be supplemented by separate figures for each sex and for adults and juveniles; provided that it shall not be necessary to compile these separate figures in the case of industries in which all but an insignificant number of the wage earners belong to the same sex or age group, or to compile the separate figures of hours actually worked for males and females, or for adults and juveniles, in the case of industries in which the normal hours of work do not vary by sex or age.

Article 11

Where the statistics of average earnings and of hours actually worked relate not to the whole country but to certain districts, towns or industrial centres, these districts, towns or centres shall, so far as practicable, be indicated.

Article 12

- Index numbers showing the general movement of earnings per hour and where possible per day, week or other customary period shall be compiled at as frequent and as regular intervals as possible on the basis of the statistics compiled in pursuance of this Part of this Convention.
- 2. In compiling such index numbers due account shall be taken, inter alia, of the relative importance of the different industries.
- 3. In publishing such index numbers indications shall be given as to the methods employed in their construction.

PART III. STATISTICS OF TIME RATES OF WAGES AND OF NORMAL HOURS OF WORK IN MINING AND MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES

Article 13

Statistics of time rates of wages and of normal hours of work of wage earners shall be compiled for a representative selection of the principal mining and manufacturing industries, including building and construction.

Article 14

- 1. The statistics of time rates of wages and of normal hours of work shall show the rates and hours--
 - (a) fixed by or in pursuance of laws or regulations, collective agreements or arbitral awards;
 - (b) ascertained from organisations of employers and workers, from joint bodies, or from other appropriate sources of information, in cases where rates and hours are not fixed by or in pursuance of laws or regulations, collective agreements or arbitral awards.

- 2. The statistics of time rates of wages and of normal hours of work shall indicate the nature and source of the
 information from which they have been compiled and whether it relates to rates or hours fixed by or in pursuance of
 laws or regulations, collective agreements or arbitral awards, or to rates or hours fixed by arrangements between
 employers and wage earners individually.
- 3. When rates of wages are described as minimum (other than statutory minimum) rates, standard rates, typical rates, or prevailing rates, or by similar terms, the terms used shall be explained.
- 4. Normal hours of work, where not fixed by or in pursuance of laws or regulations, collective agreements or arbitral awards, shall be taken as meaning the number of hours, per day, week or other period, in excess of which any time worked is remunerated at overtime rates or forms an exception to the rules or custom of the establishment relating to the classes of wage earners concerned.

- 1. The statistics of time rates of wages and of normal hours of work shall give
 - (a) at intervals of not more than three years, separate figures for the principal occupations in a wide and representative selection of the different industries; and
 - (b) at least once a year, and if possible at shorter intervals, separate figures for the main occupations in the most important of these industries.
- 2. The data relating to time rates of wages and of normal hours of work shall be presented, so far as practicable, on the basis of the same occupational classification.
- 3. Where the sources of information from which the statistics are compiled do not indicate the separate occupations
 to which the rates or hours apply, but fix varying rates of wages or hours of work for other categories of workers (such
 as skilled workers, semi-skilled workers and unskilled workers) or fix normal hours of work by classes of undertakings
 or branches of undertakings, the separate figures shall be given according to these distinctions.
- 4. Where the categories of workers for which figures are given are not separate occupations, the scope of each category shall, in so far as the necessary particulars are given in the sources of information from which the statistics are compiled, be indicated.

Article 16

Where the statistics of time rates do not give the rates per hour but give rates per day, week, or other customary period

- (a) the statistics of normal hours of work shall relate to the same period; and
- (b) the Member shall communicate to the International Labour Office any information appropriate for the purpose of calculating the rates per hour.

Where the sources of information from which the statistics are compiled give separate particulars classified by sex and age, the statistics of time rates of wages and of normal hours of work shall give separate figures for each sex and for adults and juveniles.

Article 18

Where the statistics of time rates of wages and of normal hours of work relate not to the whole country but to certain districts, towns or industrial centres, these districts, towns or centres shall, so far as practicable, be indicated.

Article 19

Where the sources of information from which the statistics at time rates and of normal hours of work are compiled contain such particulars, the statistics shall at intervals not exceeding three years indicate--

- (a) the scale of any payment for holidays;
- (b) the scale of any family allowances;
- (c) the rates or percentage additions to normal rates paid for overtime; and
- (d) the amount of overtime permitted.

Article 20

In the case of countries and industries in which allowances in kind, for example in the form of free and cheap housing, food or fuel, form a substantial part of the total remuneration of the wage earners employed, the statistics of time rates of wages shall be supplemented by particulars of such allowances, together with estimates, so far as practicable, of their money value.

Article 21

1. Annual index numbers showing the general movement of rates of wages per hour or per week shall be compiled on the basis of the statistics compiled in pursuance of this Part of this Convention, supplemented, where necessary, by any other relevant information which may be available (for example, particulars as to changes in piece-work rates of wages).

- 2. Where only an index number of rates of wages per hour or only an index number of rates of wages per week is compiled, there shall be compiled an index number of changes in normal hours of work constructed on the same basis.
- 3. In compiling such index numbers due account shall be taken, inter alia, of the relative importance of the different industries.
- 4. In publishing such index numbers indications shall be given as to the methods employed in their construction.

PART IV. STATISTICS OF WAGES AND HOURS OF WORK IN AGRICULTURE

Article 22

- 1. Statistics of wages shall be compiled in respect of wage earners engaged in agriculture.
- 2. The statistics of wages in agriculture shall--
 - (a) be compiled at intervals not exceeding two years;
 - (b) give separate figures for each of the principal districts; and
 - (c) indicate the nature of the allowances in kind (including housing), if any, by which money wages are supplemented, and, if possible, an estimate of the money value of such allowances.
- 3. The statistics of wages in agriculture shall be supplemented by indications as to--
 - (a) the categories of agricultural wage earners to which the statistics relate:
 - (b) the nature and source of the information from which they have been compiled;
 - (c) the methods employed in their compilation; and
 - (d) so far as practicable, the normal hours of work of the wage earners concerned.

Part V. Miscellaneous Provisions

Article 23

1. Any Member the territory of which includes large areas in respect of which, by reason of the difficulty of creating the necessary administrative organisation and the sparseness of the population or the stage of economic development of the area, it is impracticable to compile statistics complying with the requirements of this Convention may exclude such areas from the application of this Convention in whole or in part.

- 2. Each Member shall indicate in its first annual report upon the application of this Convention submitted under Article 22 of the Constitution of the International Labour Organisation any areas in respect of which it proposes to have recourse to the provisions of this Article and no Member shall, after the date of its first annual report, have recourse to the provisions of this Article except in respect of areas so indicated.
- 3. Each Member having recourse to the provisions of the present Article shall indicate in subsequent annual reports any areas in respect of which it renounces the right to have recourse to the provisions of this Article.

- 1. The Governing Body of the International Labour Office may, after taking such technical advice as it may deem appropriate, communicate to the Members of the Organisation proposals for improving and amplifying the statistics compiled in pursuance of this Convention or for promoting their comparability.
- 2. Each Member ratifying this Convention undertakes that it will--
 - (a) submit for the consideration of its competent statistical authority any such proposals communicated to it by the Governing Body;
 - (b) indicate in its annual report upon the application of the Convention the extent to which it has given effect to such proposals.

PART VI. FINAL PROVISIONS

Article 25

The formal ratifications of this Convention shall be communicated to the Director-General of the International Labour Office for registration.

Article 26

- 1. This Convention shall be binding only upon those Members of the International Labour Organisation whose ratifications have been registered with the Director-General.
- 2. It shall come into force twelve months after the date on which the ratifications of two Members have been registered with the Director-General.
- 3. Thereafter, this Convention shall come into force for any Member twelve months after the date on which its ratification has been registered.

As soon as the ratifications of two Members of the International Labour Organisation have been registered, the Director-General of the International Labour Office shall so notify all the Members of the International Labour Organisation. He shall likewise notify them of the registration of ratifications which may be communicated subsequently by other Members of the Organisation.

Article 28

- 1. A Member which has ratified this Convention may denounce it after the expiration of ten years from the date on which the Convention first comes into force, by an act communicated to the Director-General of the International Labour Office for registration. Such denunciation shall not take effect until one year after the date on which it is registered.
- 2. Each Member which has ratified this Convention and which does not, within the year following the expiration of
 the period of ten years mentioned in the preceding paragraph, exercise the right of denunciation provided for in this
 Article, will be bound for another period of ten years and, thereafter, may denounce this Convention at the expiration
 of each period of ten years under the terms provided for in this Article.

Article 29

At such times as it may consider necessary the Governing Body of the International Labour Office shall present to the General Conference a report on the working of this Convention and shall examine the desirability of placing on the agenda of the Conference the question of its revision in whole or in part.

Article 30

- 1. Should the Conference adopt a new Convention revising this Convention in whole or in part, then, unless the new Convention otherwise provides:
 - (a) the ratification by a Member of the new revising Convention shall ipso jure involve the immediate denunciation of this Convention, notwithstanding the provisions of Article 28 above, if and when the new revising Convention shall have come into force;
 - (b) as from the date when the new revising Convention comes into force this Convention shall cease to be open to ratification by the Members.
- 2. This Convention shall in any case remain in force in its actual form and content for those Members which have ratified it but have not ratified the revising Convention.

The French and English texts of this Convention shall both be authentic.